

Table 3: Properties of the z -Transform

| Property | Sequence | Transform | ROC |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| | $x[n]$ | $X(z)$ | R |
| | $x_1[n]$ | $X_1(z)$ | R_1 |
| | $x_2[n]$ | $X_2(z)$ | R_2 |
| Linearity | $ax_1[n] + bx_2[n]$ | $aX_1(z) + bX_2(z)$ | At least the intersection of R_1 and R_2 |
| Time shifting | $x[n - n_0]$ | $z^{-n_0}X(z)$ | R except for the possible addition or deletion of the origin |
| Scaling in the z -Domain | $e^{j\omega_0 n}x[n]$ | $X(e^{-j\omega_0}z)$ | R |
| | $z_0^n x[n]$ | $X\left(\frac{z}{z_0}\right)$ | $z_0 R$ |
| | $a^n x[n]$ | $X(a^{-1}z)$ | Scaled version of R (i.e., $ a R =$ the set of points $\{ a z\}$ for z in R) |
| Time reversal | $x[-n]$ | $X(z^{-1})$ | Inverted R (i.e., $R^{-1} =$ the set of points z^{-1} where z is in R) |
| Time expansion | $x_{(k)}[n] = \begin{cases} x[r], & n = rk \\ 0, & n \neq rk \end{cases}$ for some integer r | $X(z^k)$ | $R^{1/k}$ (i.e., the set of points $z^{1/k}$ where z is in R) |
| Conjugation | $x^*[n]$ | $X^*(z^*)$ | R |
| Convolution | $x_1[n] * x_2[n]$ | $X_1(z)X_2(z)$ | At least the intersection of R_1 and R_2 |
| First difference | $x[n] - x[n - 1]$ | $(1 - z^{-1})X(z)$ | At least the intersection of R and $ z > 0$ |
| Accumulation | $\sum_{k=-\infty}^n x[k]$ | $\frac{1}{1-z^{-1}}X(z)$ | At least the intersection of R and $ z > 1$ |
| Differentiation in the z -Domain | $nx[n]$ | $-z\frac{dX(z)}{dz}$ | R |

Initial Value Theorem
 If $x[n] = 0$ for $n < 0$, then
 $x[0] = \lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} X(z)$

Table 4: **Some Common z -Transform Pairs**

| Signal | Transform | ROC |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| 1. $\delta[n]$ | 1 | All z |
| 2. $u[n]$ | $\frac{1}{1-z^{-1}}$ | $ z > 1$ |
| 3. $-u[-n-1]$ | $\frac{1}{1-z^{-1}}$ | $ z < 1$ |
| 4. $\delta[n-m]$ | z^{-m} | All z except 0 (if $m > 0$) or ∞ (if $m < 0$) |
| 5. $\alpha^n u[n]$ | $\frac{1}{1-\alpha z^{-1}}$ | $ z > \alpha $ |
| 6. $-\alpha^n u[-n-1]$ | $\frac{1}{1-\alpha z^{-1}}$ | $ z < \alpha $ |
| 7. $n\alpha^n u[n]$ | $\frac{\alpha z^{-1}}{(1-\alpha z^{-1})^2}$ | $ z > \alpha $ |
| 8. $-n\alpha^n u[-n-1]$ | $\frac{\alpha z^{-1}}{(1-\alpha z^{-1})^2}$ | $ z < \alpha $ |
| 9. $[\cos \omega_0 n]u[n]$ | $\frac{1 - [\cos \omega_0]z^{-1}}{1 - [2 \cos \omega_0]z^{-1} + z^{-2}}$ | $ z > 1$ |
| 10. $[\sin \omega_0 n]u[n]$ | $\frac{[\sin \omega_0]z^{-1}}{1 - [2 \cos \omega_0]z^{-1} + z^{-2}}$ | $ z > 1$ |
| 11. $[r^n \cos \omega_0 n]u[n]$ | $\frac{1 - [r \cos \omega_0]z^{-1}}{1 - [2r \cos \omega_0]z^{-1} + r^2 z^{-2}}$ | $ z > r$ |
| 12. $[r^n \sin \omega_0 n]u[n]$ | $\frac{[r \sin \omega_0]z^{-1}}{1 - [2r \cos \omega_0]z^{-1} + r^2 z^{-2}}$ | $ z > r$ |